

Final - and not so final - electroweak results



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Most of the averages and plots shown were prepared by the LEP electroweak working group – particular thanks are due to them

# **High Energy e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> Colliders**

SLC 1989-1998  $\sqrt{s} \simeq M_{\rm Z}, \sim 20 \ {\rm pb}^{-1}$ e<sup>-</sup> polarisation  $\sim 75\%$ 

LEP-1 1989-1995 88<  $\sqrt{s}$  <94 GeV ~160 pb<sup>-1</sup> × 4

LEP-2 1996-2000 130<  $\sqrt{s}$  <209 GeV  $\sim$ 700 pb<sup>-1</sup>  $\times$  4



Millions of Z's, tens of thousands of W's

# **The Z Lineshape**

 $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow f\overline{f})$  measured over  $M_Z \pm 3 \text{ GeV}$ Initial-state radiation (ISR): big effect  $M_Z = 91.1875 \pm 0.0021 \text{ GeV}$  $\Gamma_Z = 2.4952 \pm 0.0023 \text{ GeV}$ 

$$\sigma^{0}(\mathbf{Z}^{0} \to f\overline{f}) = \frac{12\pi}{M_{\mathbf{Z}}^{2}} \frac{\Gamma_{\mathrm{ee}}\Gamma_{f\overline{f}}}{\Gamma_{\mathbf{Z}}^{2}}$$

gives access to  $\Gamma_{invis}$  via

 $\Gamma_{\rm Z} = \Sigma \Gamma({\rm Z} \to {\rm vis}) + \Gamma_{\rm invis}$ Using  $N_{\nu} = \Gamma_{\rm invis} / \Gamma_{\nu\nu}({\rm SM})$  we find

 $N_{\nu} = 2.9841 \pm 0.0083$ 



#### **The Z Lineshape: High Statistics!**



#### **Z Decay Widths: Heavy Quarks**

 $\Gamma_{f\overline{f}} \propto g_{Vf}^2 + g_{Af}^2$ Z lineshape  $\longrightarrow e, \mu, \tau, \Sigma q \overline{q}$ Also measure  $Z \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ ,  $Z \rightarrow c\overline{c}$ Main b tags:  $\tau_B, M_B, B \to \ell X$ High performance multivariate b tags:  $\epsilon$  from data – "double tag" method 0.19 Preliminary 0.18 R 0 0 <u>S</u>M 68% CL 0.17 95% C 0.16 0.214 0.216 0.218 0.22  $R_b^0$ 



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### **Asymmetries at the Z**

#### Asymmetry parameters $\mathcal{A}_f$

$$\mathcal{A}_{f} \equiv \frac{2g_{Vf}g_{Af}}{(g_{Vf}^{2} + g_{Af}^{2})} = f(\frac{g_{Vf}}{g_{Af}})$$
$$\frac{g_{Vf}}{g_{Af}} = 1 - 4|Q_{f}| \sin^{2} \theta_{\text{eff}}^{f}$$

Various asymmetries:

- forward-backward  $A_{FB}^{0,f} = \frac{3}{4}\mathcal{A}_e\mathcal{A}_f$
- tau polarisation  $P_{ au}$
- left-right polarisation  $A_{LR} = \mathcal{A}_e$
- forward-backward left-right

Superscript 0 denotes "Z-pole" quantities

 $A_{FB}$  measured for e, $\mu$ ,au, b and c



# **Left-Right Polarization Asymmetry**

Measured by SLD, polarized  $e^-$  beam

Counting experiment:

$$A_{LR} = \frac{(N_L - N_R)}{(N_L + N_R)} \frac{1}{\langle P_e \rangle}$$

 $\langle P_e \rangle$  mean polarization, two independent measures

With  $\langle \sqrt{s} \rangle$ , convert to  $A_{LR}^0 = 0.1514 \pm 0.0022$ Overall, SLD obtain  $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^{lept} = 0.23098 \pm 0.00026$ Most precise measurement of  $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}$ 



# **Leptonic Couplings**





# **Effective Weak Mixing Angle**

Asymmetries mostly measure  $\sin^2 \theta_{\mathrm{eff}}^{\mathrm{lept}}$ 

A posteriori, see that two most precise  $\sin^2 \theta_{\mathrm{eff}}^{\mathrm{lept}}$  measurements agree only at 2.9 $\sigma$  level

Old problem: discrepancy around  $3\sigma$  for six years, though errors improved by factor 1.5

In context of SM:  $A^b_{FB}$  prefers  $M_{\rm H}\sim$  400 GeV — unlike most other observables which prefer low  $M_{\rm H}$ 



#### **Fermion Pairs at LEP-2**



#### **LEP-2 Fermion Pair Properties**



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## **W** Pair Production



shift  $\sigma_{
m WW}$  by  $-2.5\pm0.5\%$ 

 $O(\alpha)$  calculations

## **Gauge Boson Self-Couplings**



#### SM gauge structure of boson self-couplings demonstrated

# W Mass from LEP-2

Primarily from WW  $\rightarrow$  qqqq and qq $\ell \nu_{\ell}$ 

Reconstruct (jet, $\ell$ ) angles and energies

Kin. fit improves resolution:

- (E,p)<sub>total</sub> = ( $\sqrt{s}$ ,0)
- $M_{\mathrm{W}^+} = M_{\mathrm{W}^-}$

Fit to extract  $M_{\rm W}$  (+ $\Gamma_{\rm W}$ )

Statistical power:  $qqqq \simeq qq\ell\nu_{\ell}$ 

Systematic errors significant



## **Final-State Interactions**

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{WW} \to q q q q \text{ may suffer from "final-state} \\ \texttt{interactions": if the two hadronic W decays don't} \\ \texttt{develop independently} \end{array}$ 

Non-perturbative hadronisation process: needs models

Models of two types: "colour reconnection" (CR) and Bose-Einstein correlations (BE)

Ongoing work to compare models with data:

- BE between W decay hadrons small, so give low  $M_{\rm W}$  shift
- CR studies focus mainly on particle flow but several models give quite different effects



#### **Particle Flow & Colour Reconnection**



LEP combination now available, full LEP-2 data Hints of CR effects, data-driven error on  $M_{\rm W}(\rm qqqq$  channel) from CR  $\pm$ 90 MeV



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#### W Mass Results



Good agreement LEP-Tevatron, comparable precision per experiment

In LEP  $M_{W}$  average, weight of qqqq channel just 9% Also find  $\Gamma_{\rm W}^{\rm LEP} = 2.150 \pm 0.091$  $\Gamma_{\rm W}^{\rm Tev} = 2.115 \pm 0.105$  $\Gamma_{\rm W}=2.135\pm0.069~{\rm GeV}$ 2.3 Preliminary [GeV] \_≥ └─ 2.1 SM m m<sub>H</sub> Δα 68% CL 2 <del>|</del> 80.2 80.3 80.4 80.5 [GeV]  $M_{\rm W}$ 

#### **Global Electroweak Tests**

#### Use precise LEP/SLD and Tevatron EW data to probe SM

(other inputs from NuTeV and atomic parity violation) SM predictions from ZFITTER and TOPAZ0 electroweak libraries

Parameters:

$M_{\mathbf{Z}}$	measured precisely by LEP-1 Z data
$\alpha_s(M_{ m Z}^2)$	measured precisely by LEP-1 Z data
$\alpha_{em}(M_{\rm Z}^2)$	calculated from low-energy measurements
$M_{ m W}$ , $M_{ m t}$	may be either predicted, or put in as measured
$M_{ m H}$	may be predicted in this framework

# Predicting $M_{ m W}$ and $M_{ m t}$

LEP-1/SLD Z data,  $\alpha_{em}(M_Z^2)$ , NuTeV and APV results used to predict  $M_W$ , $M_t$ 

Compare with direct measurements (Tev/LEP-2), and with SM relation between  $M_{\rm W}, M_{\rm t}, M_{\rm H}$ 

Electroweak fit correctly predicts the masses of the heavy particles (W,top)

Both sets of data prefer a light Higgs in the SM framework



## Fit to all Electroweak Data

# Full electroweak fit of all results, including $M_{\rm W}$ and $M_{\rm t}$

Overall consistency  $\chi^2$ /dof is 29.7/15 (**1.3%** probability)

Large  $\chi^2$  contribution from NuTeV, without it fit probability is  ${\bf 11\%}$ 

Standard Model parameters ( $M_{\rm H}$  etc) little affected by NuTeV

Go on to see what the SM fit says about  $M_{\rm H}$ 

	Measurement	Pull	(O <sup>meas</sup> –O <sup>fit</sup> )/σ <sup>meas</sup> -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3
$\Delta \alpha_{had}^{(5)}(m_Z)$	$0.02761 \pm 0.00036$	-0.24	•
m <sub>z</sub> [GeV]	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$	0.00	
Γ <sub>z</sub> [GeV]	$2.4952 \pm 0.0023$	-0.41	-
$\sigma_{\sf had}^0$ [nb]	$41.540 \pm 0.037$	1.63	
R <sub>I</sub>	$20.767 \pm 0.025$	1.04	-
A <sup>0,I</sup>	$0.01714 \pm 0.00095$	0.68	-
A <sub>I</sub> (P <sub>τ</sub> )	$0.1465 \pm 0.0032$	-0.55	-
R <sub>b</sub>	$0.21644 \pm 0.00065$	1.01	_
R <sub>c</sub>	$0.1718 \pm 0.0031$	-0.15	
A <sup>0,b</sup>	$0.0995 \pm 0.0017$	-2.62	
A <sup>0,c</sup>	$0.0713 \pm 0.0036$	-0.84	-
A <sub>b</sub>	$0.922 \pm 0.020$	-0.64	-
A <sub>c</sub>	$0.670 \pm 0.026$	0.06	
A <sub>I</sub> (SLD)	$0.1513 \pm 0.0021$	1.46	_
$\sin^2 \theta_{\rm eff}^{\rm lept}(Q_{\rm fb})$	$0.2324 \pm 0.0012$	0.87	-
m <sub>w</sub> [GeV]	$80.449 \pm 0.034$	1.62	
Γ <sub>w</sub> [GeV]	$2.136 \pm 0.069$	0.62	-
m, [GeV]	174.3 ± 5.1	0.00	
sin <sup>2</sup> θ <sub>w</sub> (νN)	$0.2277 \pm 0.0016$	3.00	
Q <sub>w</sub> (Cs)	$-72.18 \pm 0.46$	1.52	
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-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3

# **Constraining the SM Higgs**

Fit to all electroweak data in Standard Model framework

Theory uncertainty includes ZFITTER/TOPAZ0 options, partial two-loop calculations

NuTeV has little impact on  $M_{\rm H}$  results, but may affect whether to believe the SM fit...

From the fit, obtain  $M_{
m H} = 81^{+52}_{-33} \, {
m GeV}$   $M_{
m H} < 193 \, {
m GeV}$  at 95% CL



# A Hint of the Higgs?



At LEP-2, main process is  $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow f\overline{f}b\overline{b}$ 

Rely on good b tagging and mass reconstruction

In September 2000, ALEPH reported an excess (3 events) in the  $q\overline{q}b\overline{b}$  channel consistent in mass with a 115 GeV H

LEP run extended for 1 month...



# **LEP Higgs Search: Final Results**

Final data, analyses and calibrations:

- no confirmation of ALEPH  $q\overline{q}b\overline{b}$  excess
- no significant excess in final combined sample (P = 8%)
- but extra statistics too limited to exclude a 115 GeV SM Higgs

Sophisticated statistical combination of channels/experiments

Final direct search result:  $M_{\rm H} >$  **114.4 GeV (95% CL)** (expected limit 115.3 GeV)



# **Highlights**

Wealth of precise electroweak measurements from LEP and SLD (and the Tevatron)

Amongst hundreds of other results, LEP/SLD have:

- shown there are three light neutrino species
- demonstrated radiative loop corrections
- predicted the top quark mass
- verified SM triple gauge couplings
- put many strong constraints on physics beyond the SM
- indicated where to look for the SM Higgs (and "nearly" found it)...

LEP and SLD have provided a huge step forward for the Standard Model – *but* the Higgs sector waits for another day