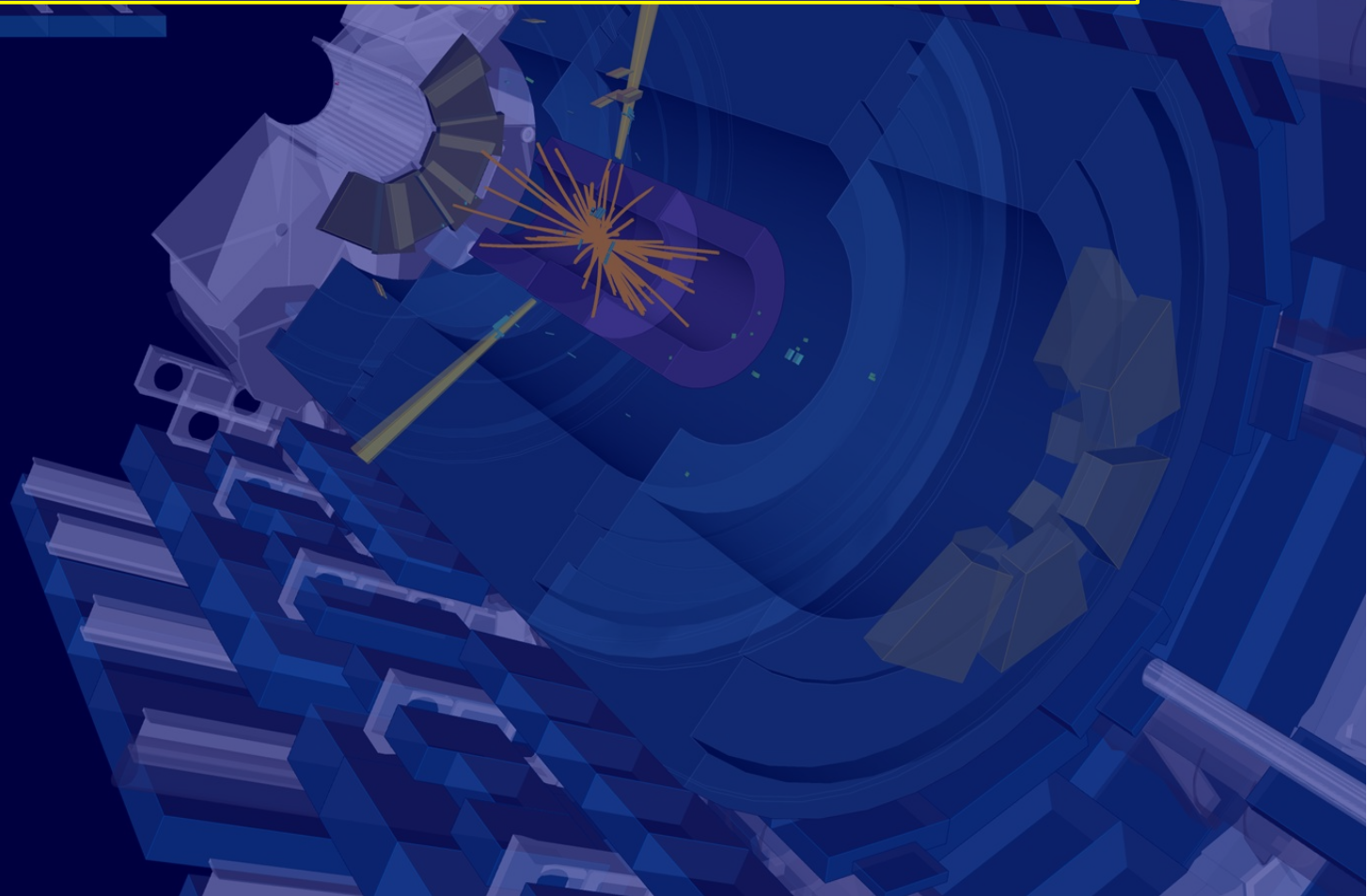
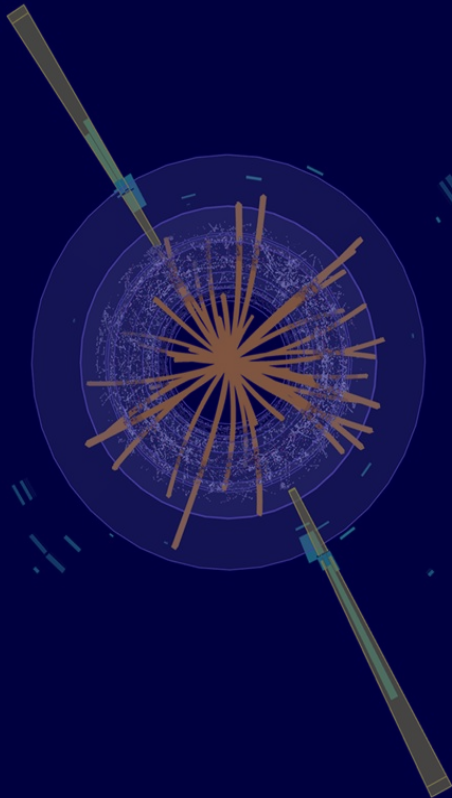


Run: 191426
Event: 86694500
2011-10-22 17:30:29 CEST

The Higgs Boson and Beyond

Dave Charlton and Paul Newman
Particle Physics Group, Physics & Astronomy



What's it all about?

History of the Universe

BIG BANG

Inflation

t	10^{-44}	10^{-37} s
T	10^{32}	10^{28}
E	10^{19}	10^{15}

	10^{-10} s	10^{-5} s	10^2 s	10^9 s	3×10^5 y	10^9 y	Today
	10^{15}	10^{12}	10^9	10^4	3000	15	12×10^9 y (sec,yrs)
	10^2	10^{-1}	10^{-4}	3×10^{-10}	10^{-12}	2.3×10^{-13}	(Kelvin)
							(GeV)

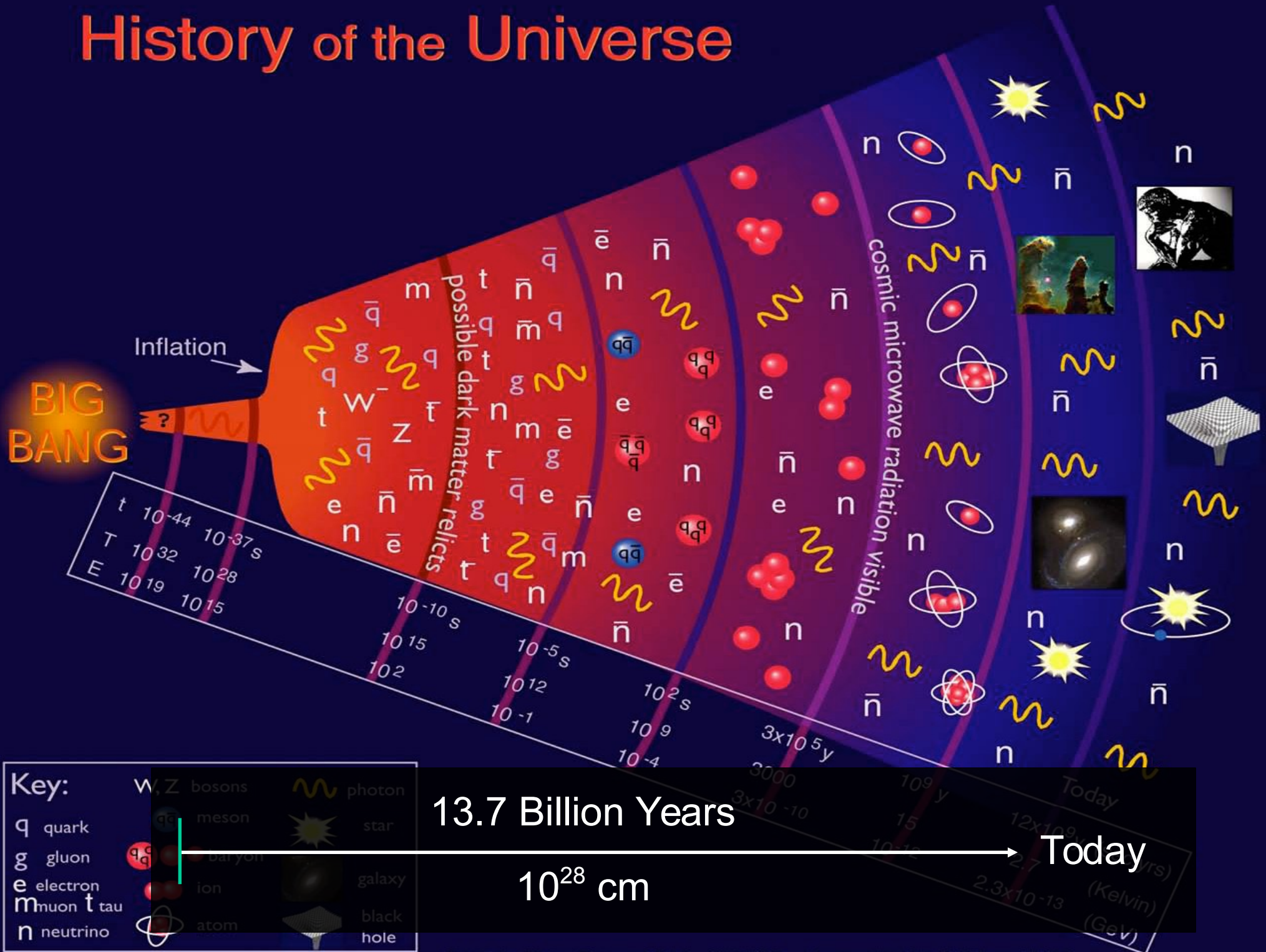
Key:

W, Z bosons		photon	
quark		meson	
gluon		baryon	
electron		ion	
muon		atom	
tau			
neutrino			

possible dark matter relicts

cosmic microwave radiation visible

History of the Universe



Key:

W, Z bosons	photon
quark	star
gluon	galaxy
electron	black hole
muon	
tau	
neutrino	

History of the Universe

Physics at the LHC corresponds to conditions around here

BIG BANG

Inflation

t	10^{-44}	10^{-37} s
T	10^{32}	10^{28}
E	10^{19}	10^{15}

Key:

W, Z bosons	photon
quark	star
gluon	galaxy
electron	black hole
muon	tau
neutrino	atom

13.7 Billion Years

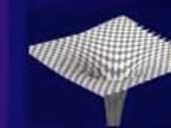
10^{28} cm

Today

possible dark matter relicts

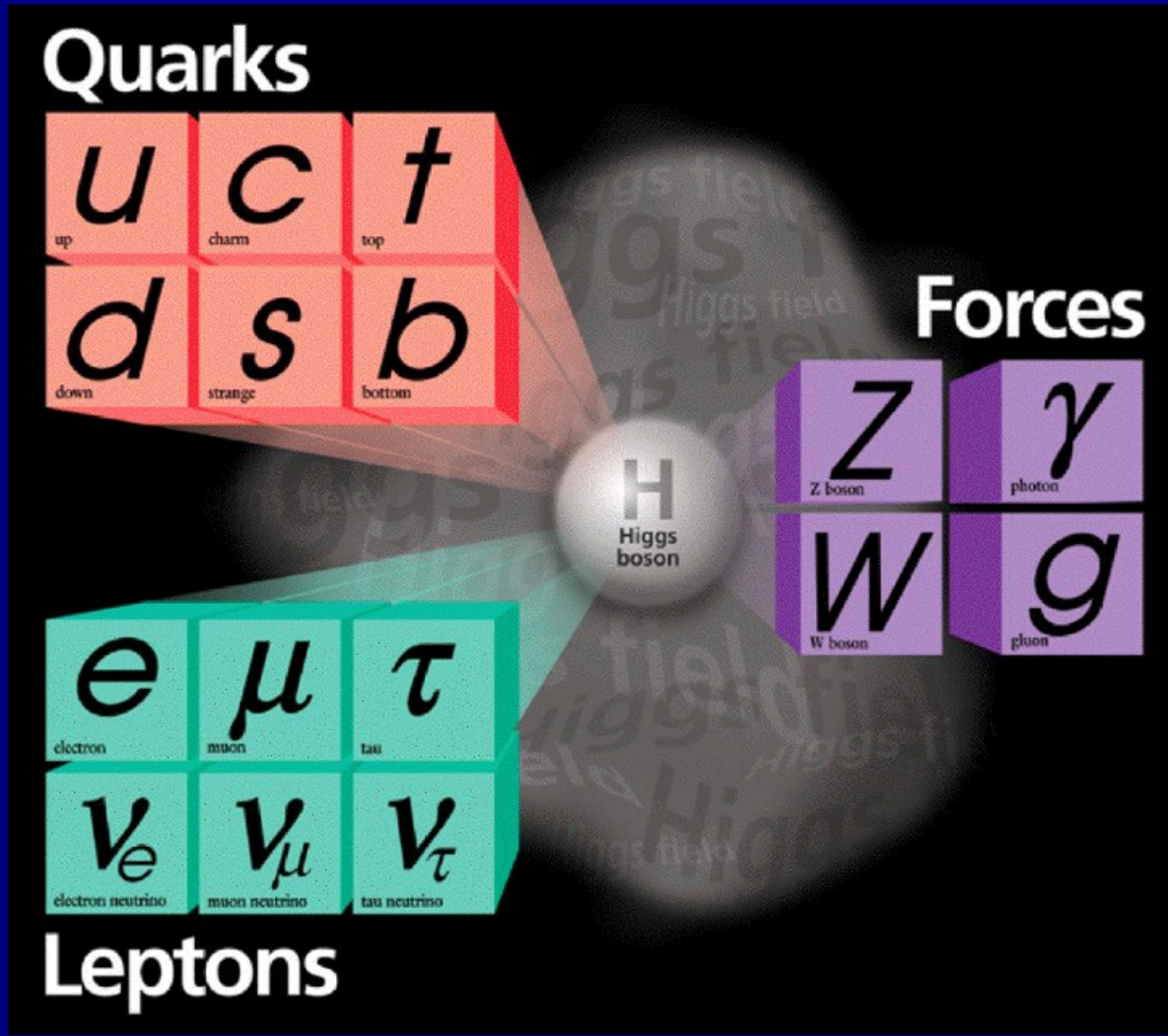
cosmic microwave radiation visible

10^{-10} s	10^{-5} s	10^2 s	3×10^5 y	3000	10^9 y	Today
10^{15}	10^{12}	10^9	3×10^{-10}	15	12×10^9 (yrs)	
10^2	10^{-1}	10^{-4}		10^{10}	2.7 (Kelvin)	
					2.3×10^{-13} (GeV)	



Particles and Forces: The Standard Model

Matter Particles



Force-carriers

Fermions

Bosons

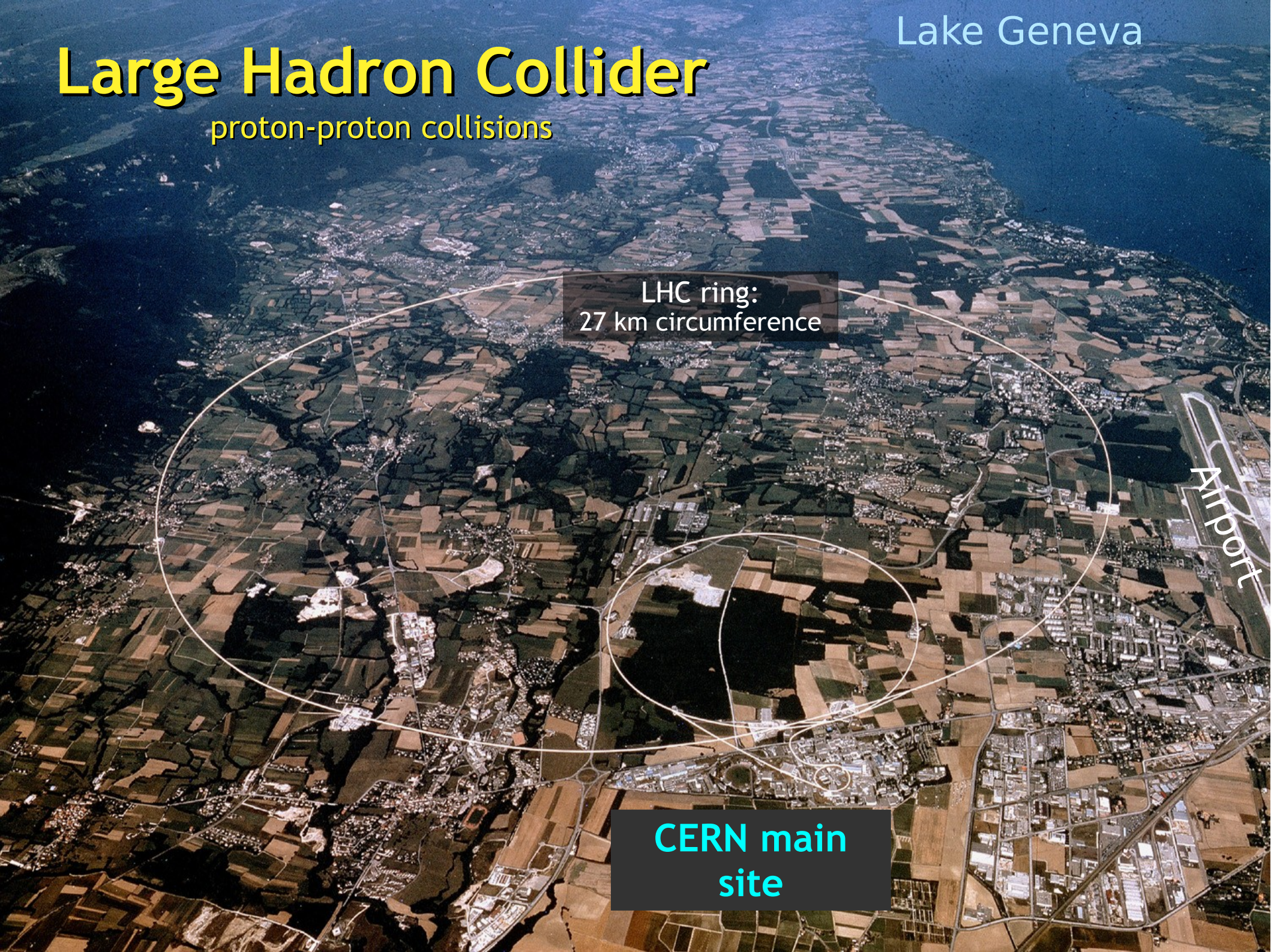
Large Hadron Collider

proton-proton collisions

LHC ring:
27 km circumference

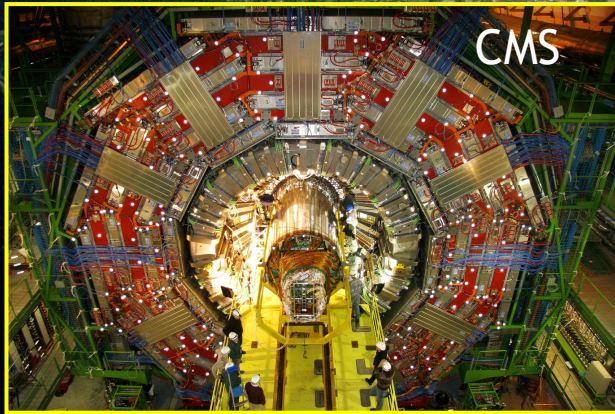
CERN main
site

Mirafiori Airport



Large Hadron Collider

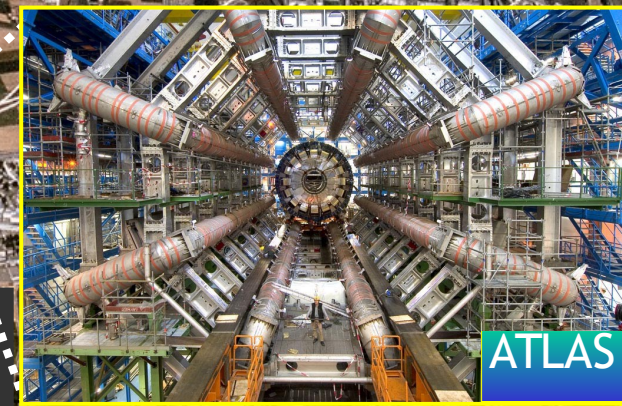
proton-proton collisions



LHC ring:
27 km circumference



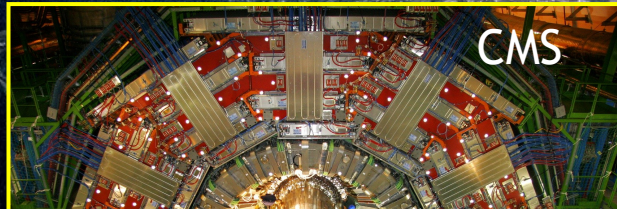
CERN main
site



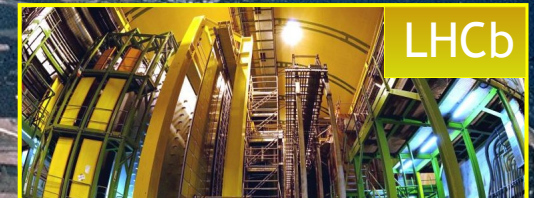
Airport

Large Hadron Collider

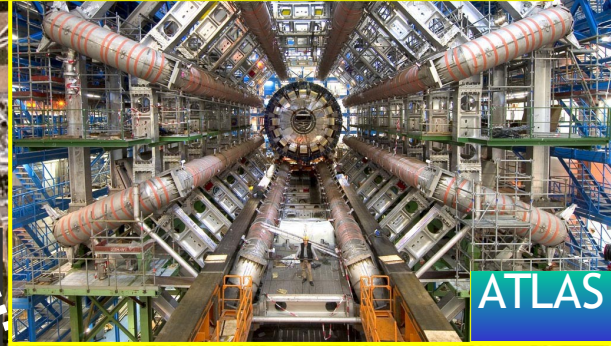
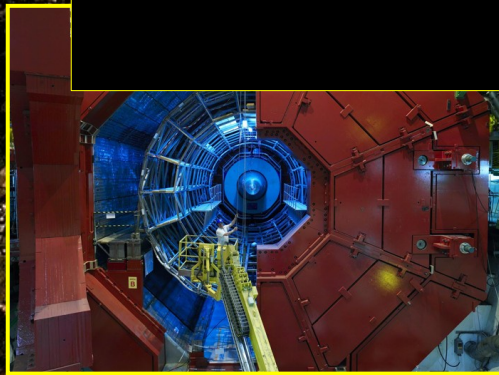
proton-proton collisions



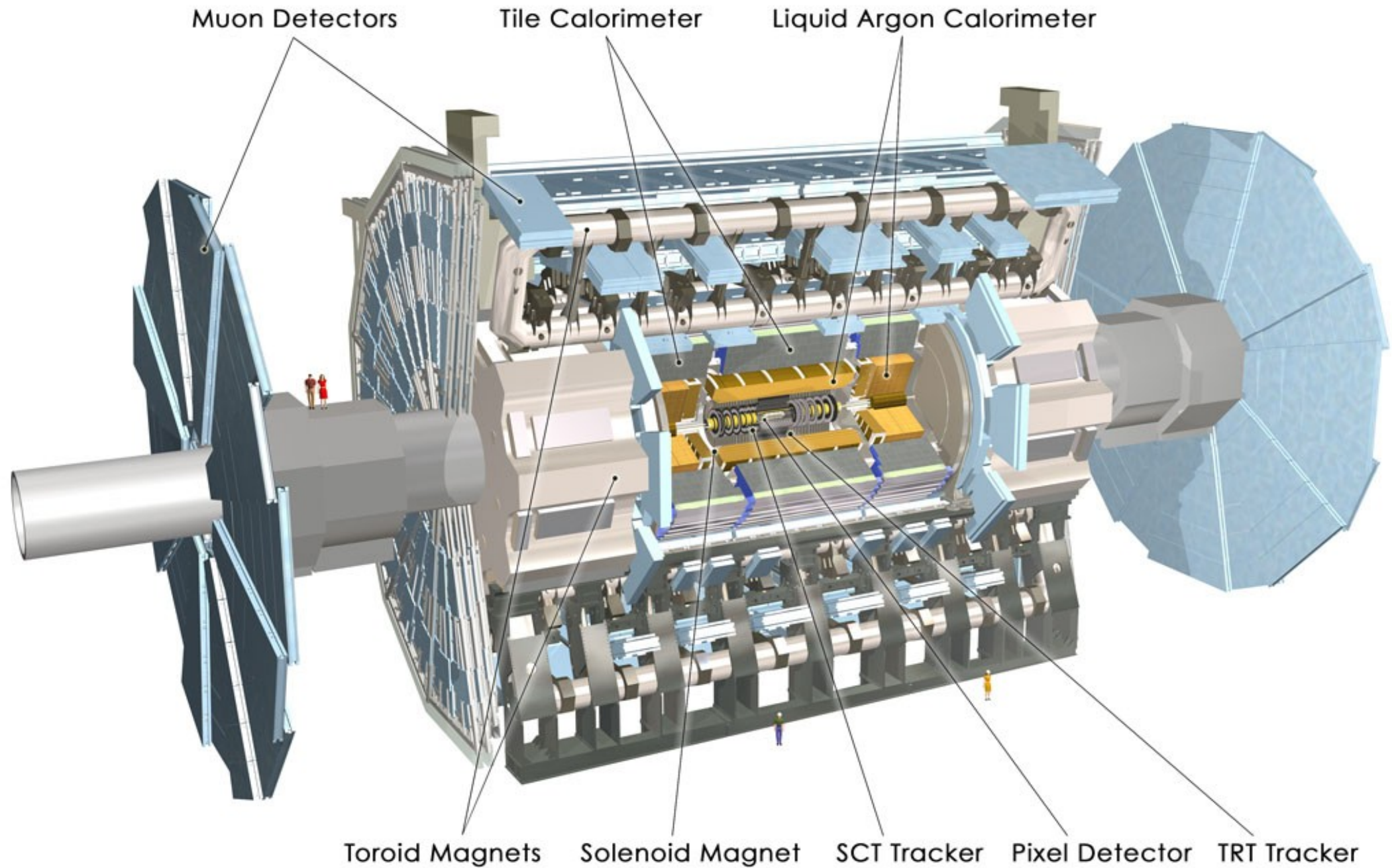
LHC ring:
27 km circumference

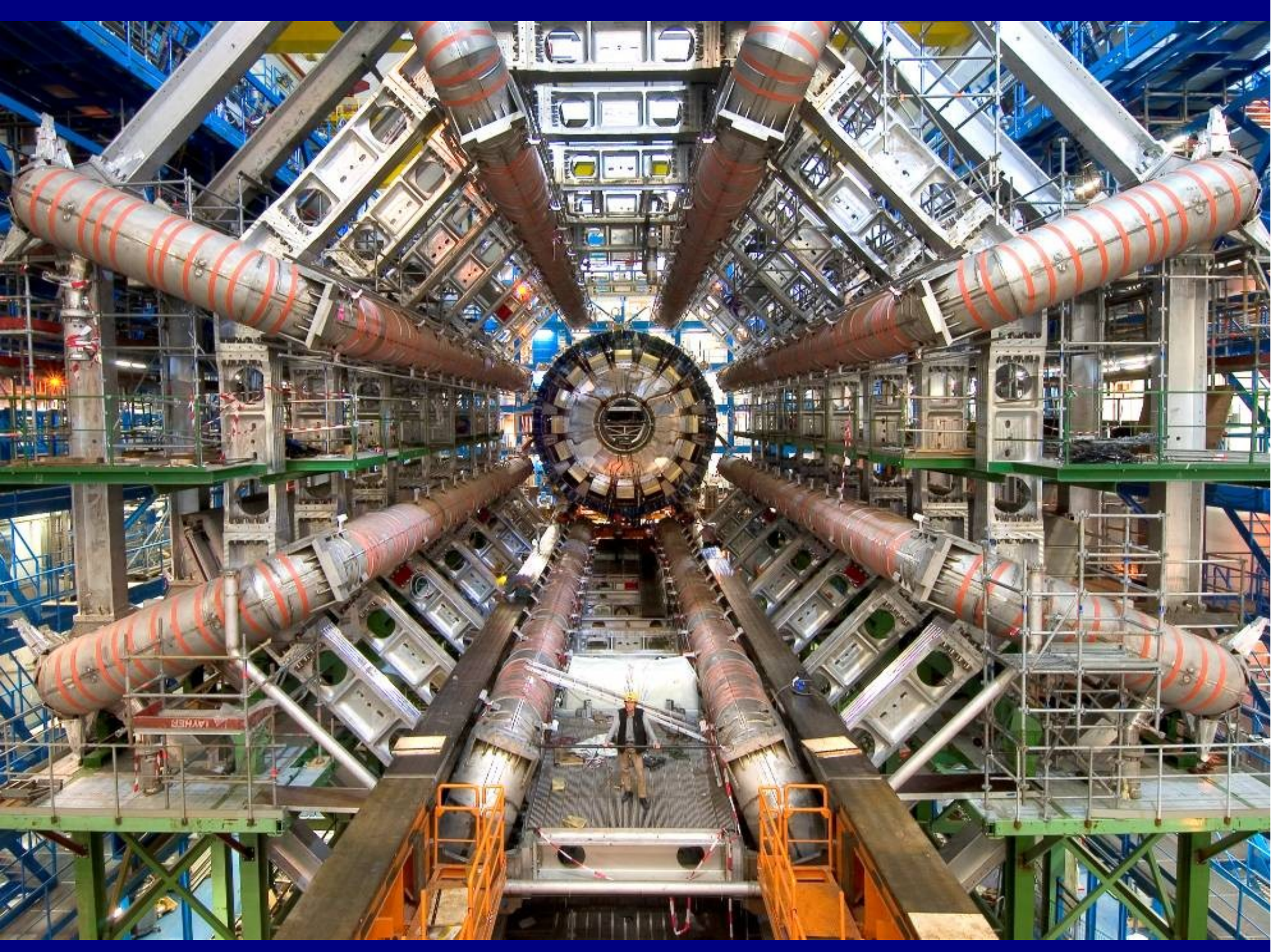


**ATLAS and CMS are the two
“discovery experiments”**
In Birmingham we work on ATLAS
also ALICE and LHCb



ATLAS Detector







A global collaboration
*177 universities and
 research labs from 38
 countries*
*2900 scientific authors,
 including 1000 students*

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| Argentina | Morocco |
| Armenia | Netherlands |
| Australia | Norway |
| Austria | Poland |
| Azerbaijan | Portugal |
| Belarus | Romania |
| Brazil | Russia |
| Canada | Serbia |
| Chile | Slovakia |
| China | Slovenia |
| Colombia | South Africa |
| Czech Republic | Spain |
| Denmark | Sweden |
| France | Switzerland |
| Georgia | Taiwan |
| Germany | Turkey |
| Greece | UK |
| Israel | USA |
| Italy | CERN |
| Japan | JINR |

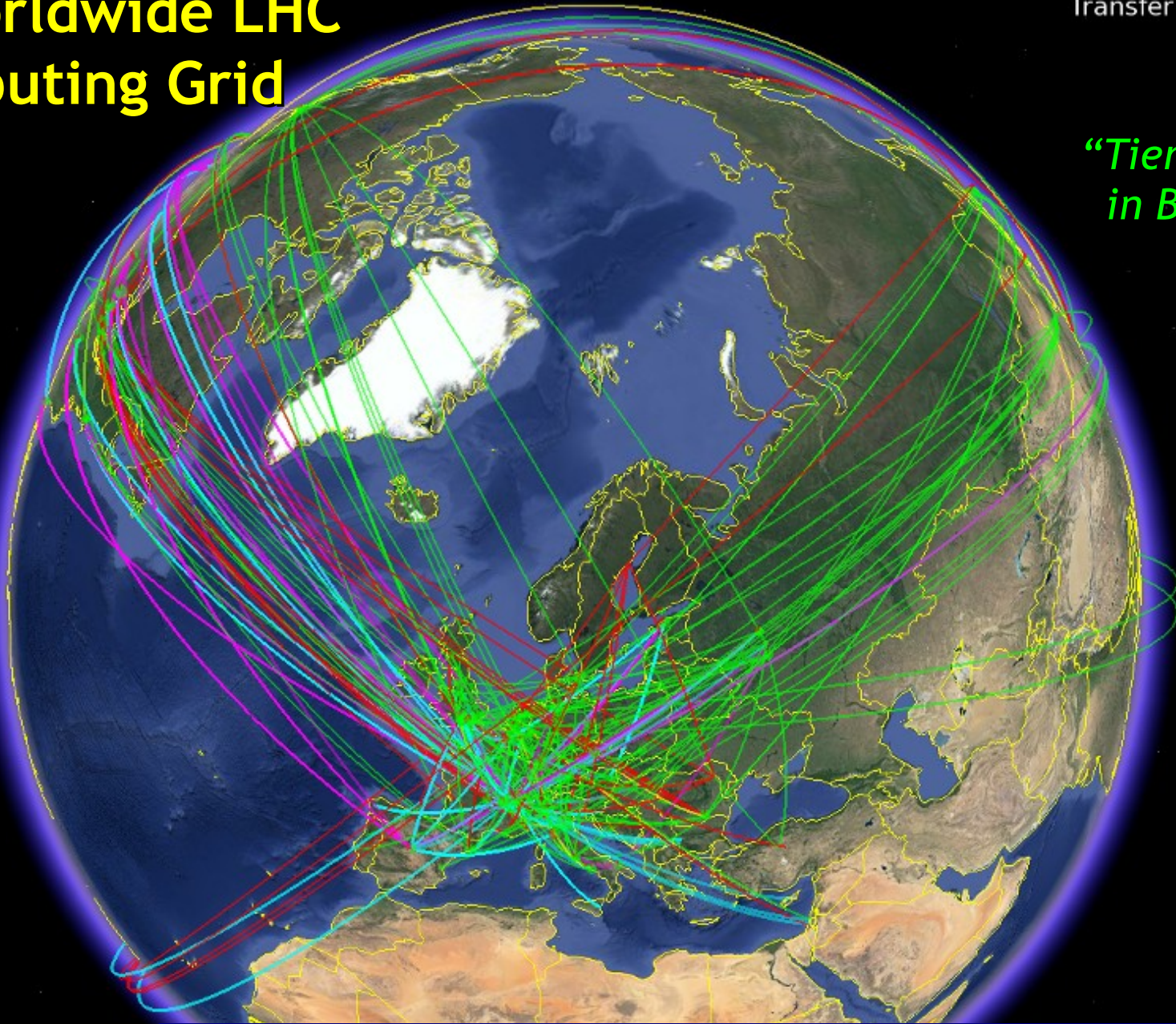
ATLAS Collaboration



Adelaide, Albany, Alberta, NIKHEF Amsterdam, Ankara, LAPP Ancey, Argonne NL, Arizona, UT Arlington, Athens, NTU Athens, Baku, IFAE Barcelona, Belgrade, Bergen, Berkeley LBL and UC, HU Berlin, Bern, **Birmingham**, UAN Bogota, Bologna, Bonn, Boston, Brandeis, Bratislava/SAS Kosice, Brazil Cluster, Brookhaven NL, Buenos Aires, Bucharest, Cambridge, Carleton, CERN, Chinese Cluster, Chicago, Chile, Clermont-Ferrand, Columbia, NBI Copenhagen, Cosenza, AGH UST Cracow, IFJ PAN Cracow, SMU Dallas, UT Dallas, DESY, Dortmund, TU Dresden, JINR Dubna, Duke, Edinburgh, Frascati, Freiburg, Geneva, Genoa, Giessen, Glasgow, Göttingen, LPSC Grenoble, Technion Haifa, Hampton, Harvard, Heidelberg, Hiroshima IT, Indiana, Innsbruck, Iowa SU, Iowa, UC Irvine, Istanbul Bogazici, KEK, Kobe, Kyoto, Kyoto UE, Kyushu, Lancaster, UN La Plata, Lecce, Lisbon LIP, Liverpool, Ljubljana, QM London, RH London, UC London, Louisiana Tech, Lund, UA Madrid, Mainz, Manchester, CPPM Marseille, Massachusetts, MIT, Melbourne, Michigan, Michigan SU, Milano, Minsk NAS, Minsk NCPHEP, Montreal, McGill Montreal, RUPHE Morocco, FIAN Moscow, ITEP Moscow, MEPH Moscow, MSU Moscow, Munich LMU, MPI Munich, Nagasaki IAS, Nagoya, Naples, New Mexico, New York, Nijmegen, Northern Illinois University, BINP Novosibirsk, NPI Petersburg, Ohio SU, Okayama, Oklahoma, Oklahoma SU, Olomouc, Oregon, LAL Orsay, Osaka, Oslo, Oxford, Paris VI and VII, Pavia, Pennsylvania, Pisa, Pittsburgh, CAS Prague, CU Prague, TU Prague, IHEP Protvino, Rome I, Rome II, Rome III, RAL-STFC, DAPNIA Saclay, Santa Cruz UC, Sheffield, Shinshu, Siegen, Simon Fraser Burnaby, SLAC, South Africa Cluster, Stockholm, KTH Stockholm, Stony Brook, Sydney, Sussex, AS Taipei, Tbilisi, Tel Aviv, Thessaloniki, Tokyo ICEPP, Tokyo MU, Tokyo Tech, Toronto, TRIUMF, Tsukuba, Tufts, Udine/ICTP, Uppsala, UI Urbana, Valencia, UBC Vancouver, Victoria, Warwick, Waseda, Washington, Weizmann Rehovot, FH Wiener Neustadt, Wisconsin, Wuppertal, Würzburg, Yale, Yerevan

The Worldwide LHC Computing Grid

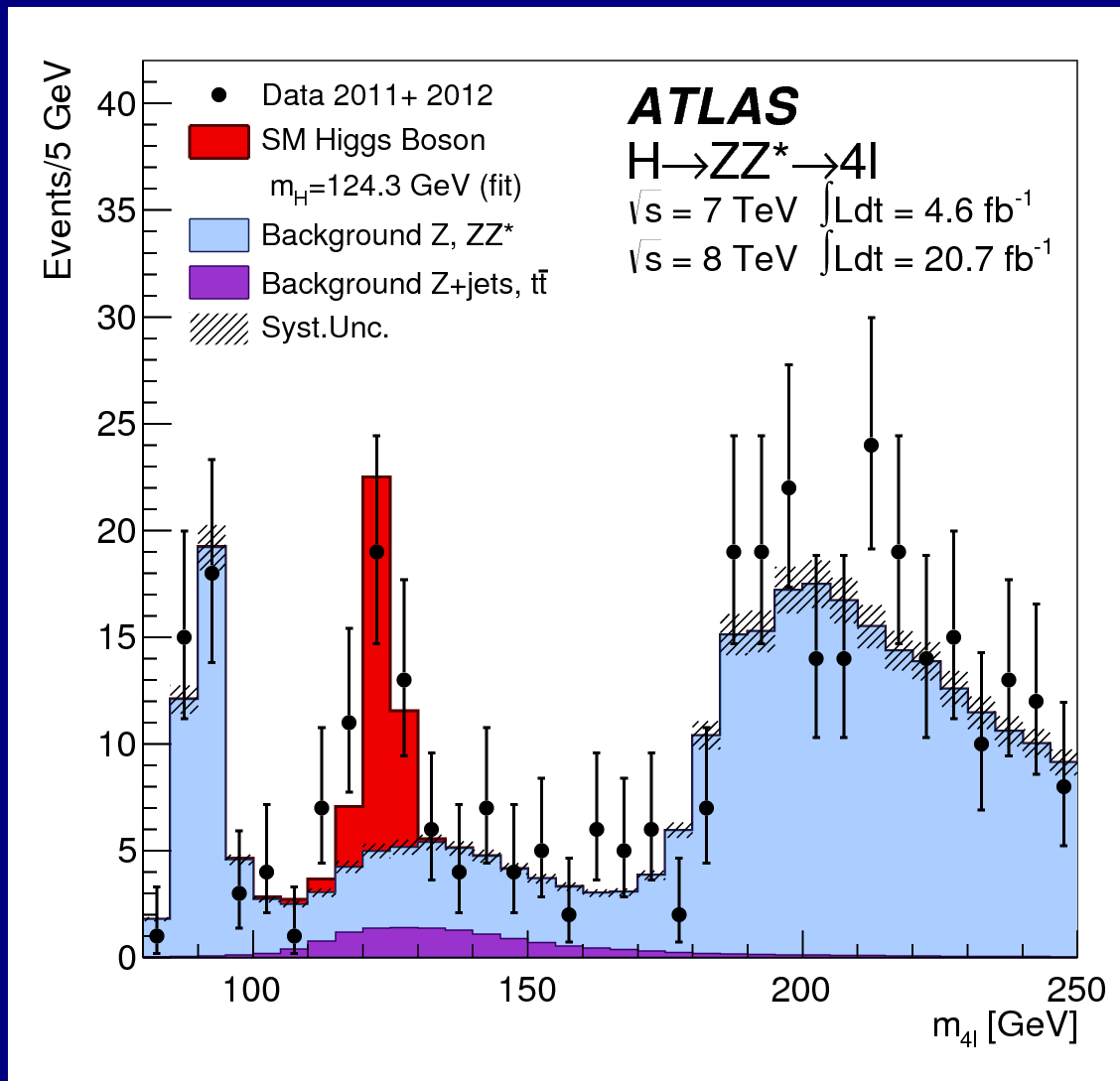
Running jobs: 223196
Transfer rate: 6.18 GiB/sec

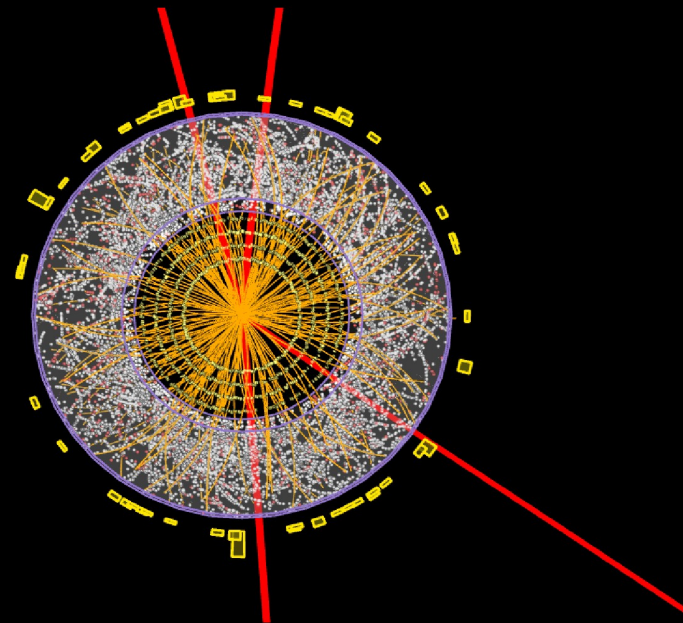
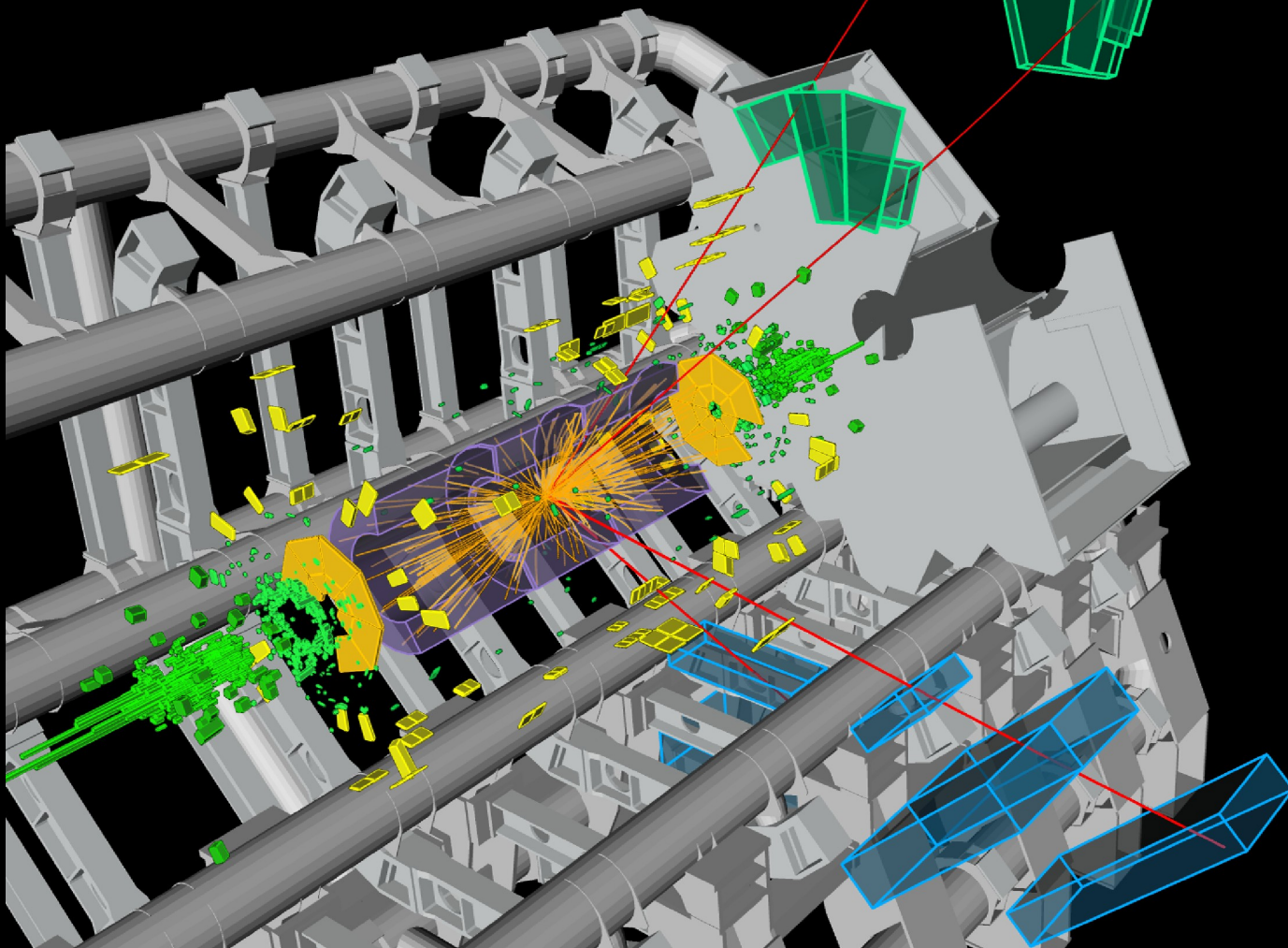
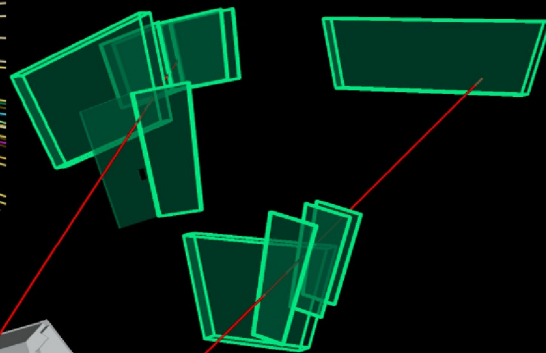
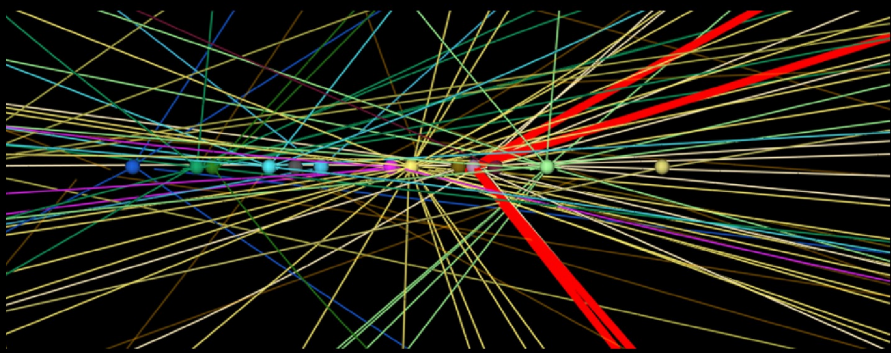


*“Tier-2” grid site
in Birmingham*

Each year, ATLAS writes 10's PB (10 000's TB) of data
Around 150 000 CPU cores on the computing Grid are used
to analyse them

The Higgs Boson Discovery





Run: 204769
Event: 71902630
Date: 2012-06-10
Time: 13:24:31 CEST

What's Next?

LHC Roadmap

Run 1: energy 7-8 TeV, 25 fb⁻¹ of data

Shutdown 1: phase 0 upgrade

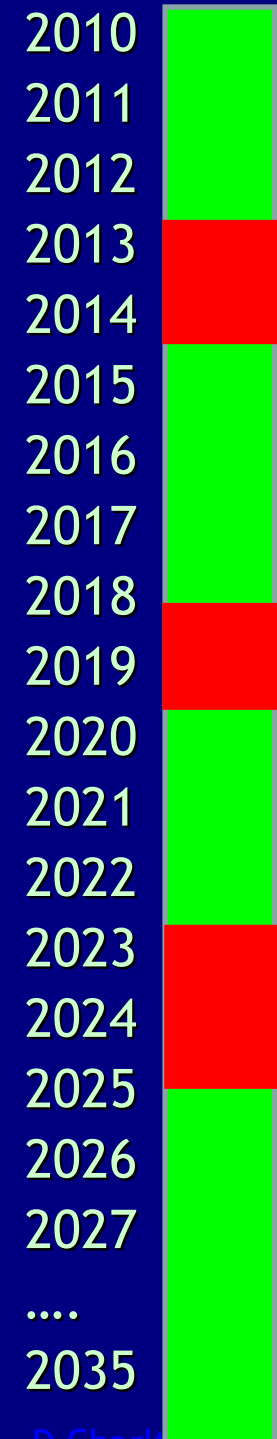
Run 2: energy 13 TeV, 120 fb⁻¹ of data

Shutdown 2: phase 1 upgrade

Run 3: energy 14 TeV, 350 fb⁻¹ of data

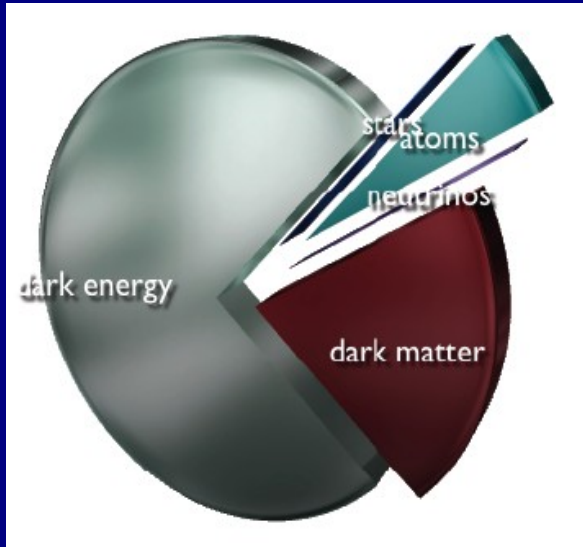
Shutdown 3: phase 2 upgrade

HL-LHC: energy 14 TeV, 3000 fb⁻¹ of data



Dark Matter

Most of our universe is missing...



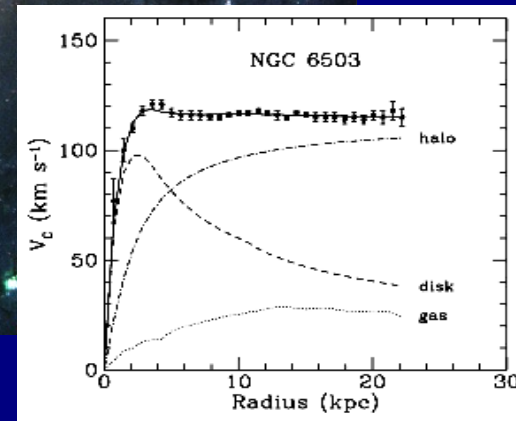
Astrophysical measurements indicate that the Universe is made of:

5% of known matter

25% of “dark matter”

70% of “dark energy”

The LHC may produce dark matter particles directly



Supersymmetry

A new symmetry between fermions and bosons

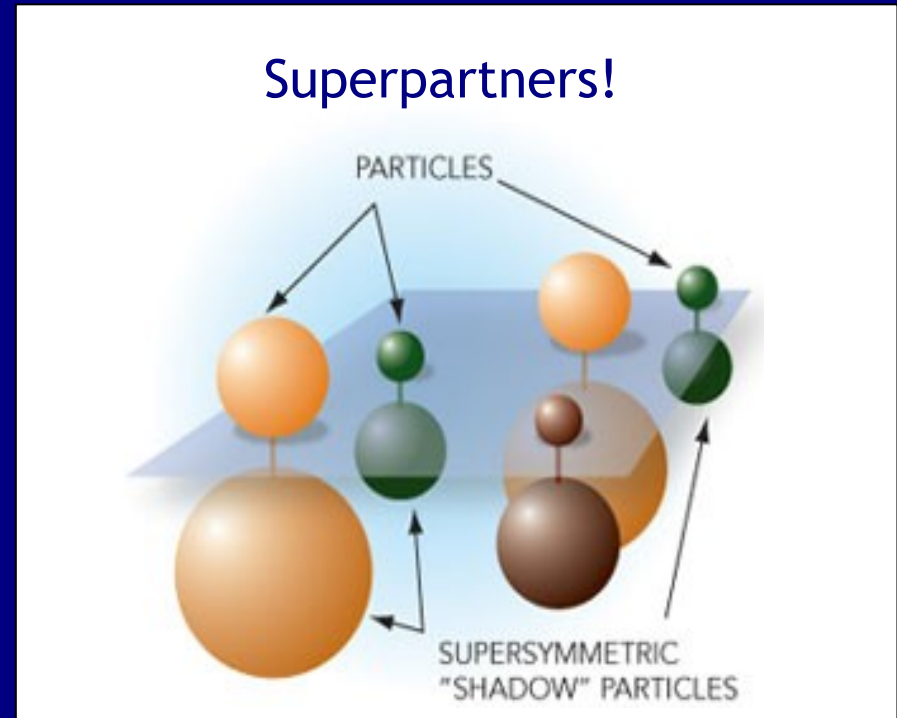
Predicts many new particles, including at least four more Higgs bosons

Squarks (stop, sbottom...), sleptons, winos, binos, gauginos...

→ a simple, elegant candidate for dark matter

SUSY also helps explain how the Higgs boson can be so light

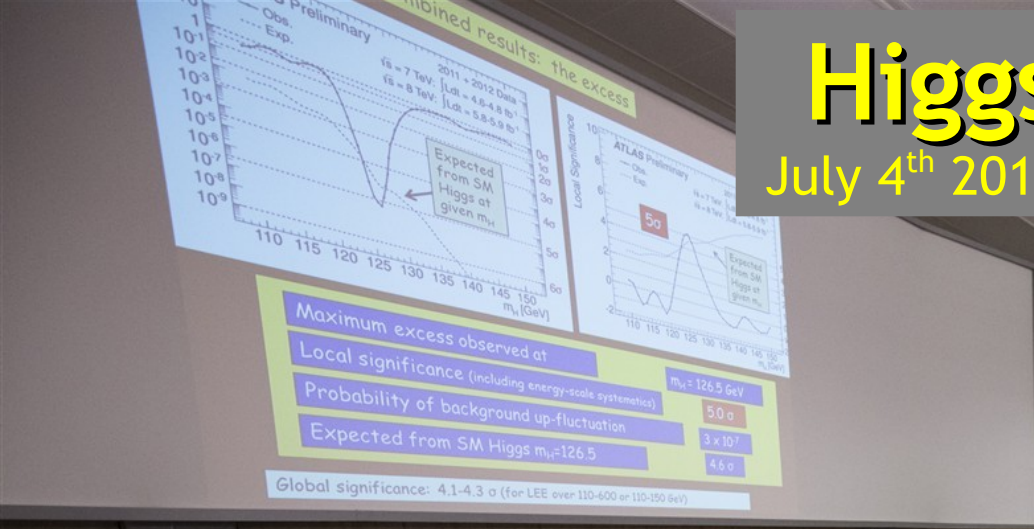
Supersymmetry may well show up when the LHC turns on again in 2015 with new, higher energy, collisions



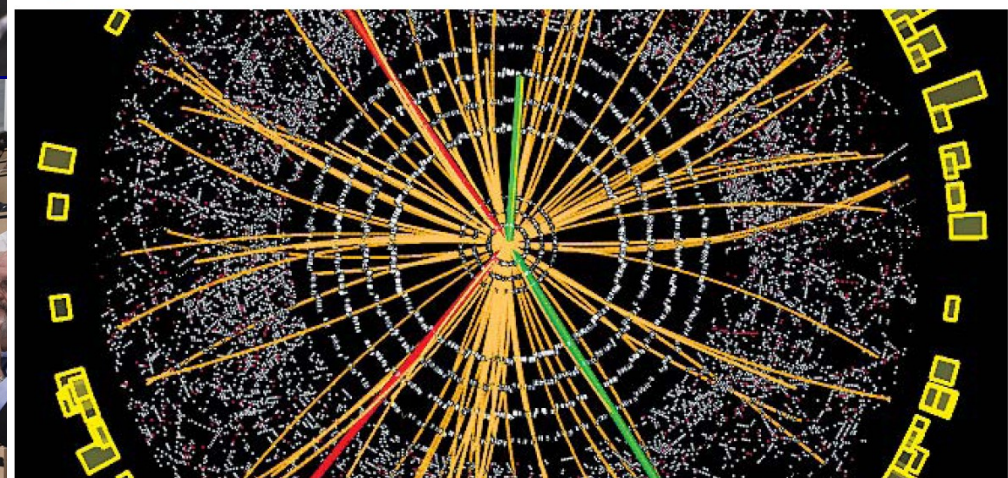
“hierarchy problem”

Higgs Discovery

July 4th 2012 (CERN and Melbourne)



Higgs was right Picture that changes the way we see the universe for ever



Higgs Discovery



I was there too!



Why is the Higgs Boson so Special?

It's like looking for a needle in a haystack



Why is the Higgs Boson so Special?

~~It's like looking for a needle in a haystack~~

It's like looking for a needle in 10000 haystacks



Why is the Higgs Boson so Special?

~~It's like looking for a needle in a haystack~~

~~It's like looking for a needle in 10000 haystacks~~

It's like looking for a piece of hay in 10000 haystacks



Why is the Higgs Boson so Special?

~~It's like looking for a needle in a haystack~~

~~It's like looking for a needle in 10000 haystacks~~

It's like looking for a piece of hay in 10000 haystacks



- A third fundamentally new type of “stuff”, quite distinct from matter particles and force-exchanging particles

Why is the Higgs Boson so Special?

~~It's like looking for a needle in a haystack~~

~~It's like looking for a needle in 10000 haystacks~~

It's like looking for a piece of hay in 10000 haystacks



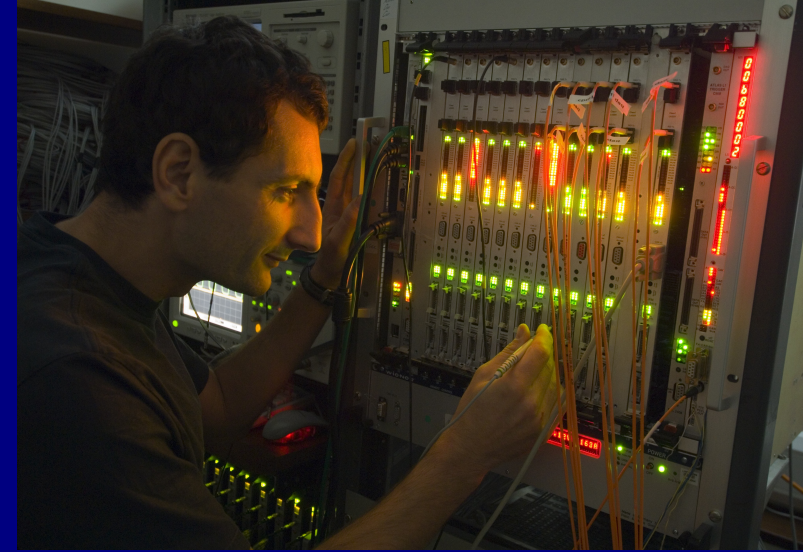
- A third fundamentally new type of “stuff”, quite distinct from matter particles and force-exchanging particles
- The Higgs field is strange. Unlike e.g. gravitational fields:
 - it doesn't have a direction
 - it doesn't require a source (even in inter-galactic space)

Birmingham in ATLAS

Online event selection (“trigger”)

Decides within 2 millionths of a second which
“one in a thousand” collision events to keep

Major design and testing in Birmingham

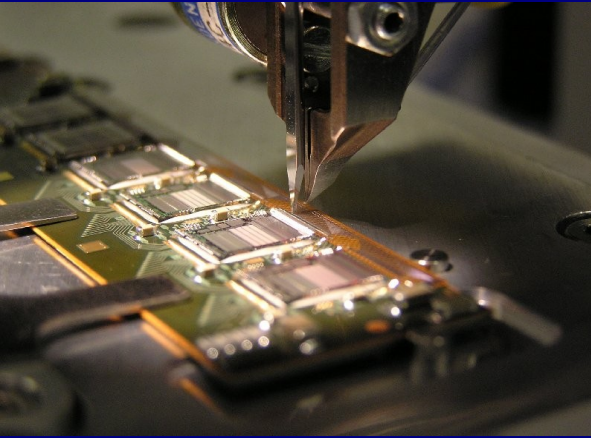
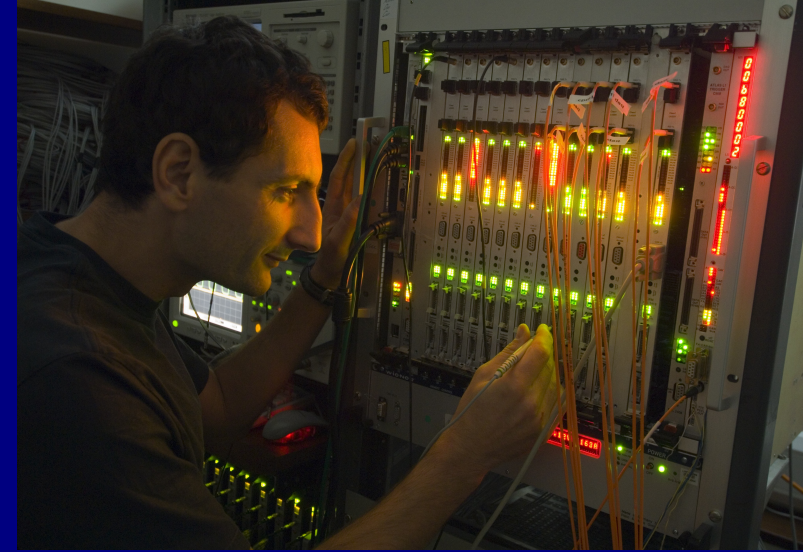


Birmingham in ATLAS

Online event selection (“trigger”)

Decides within 2 millionths of a second which
“one in a thousand” collision events to keep

Major design and testing in Birmingham



Particle tracker

Measures particle paths to within 20 μm

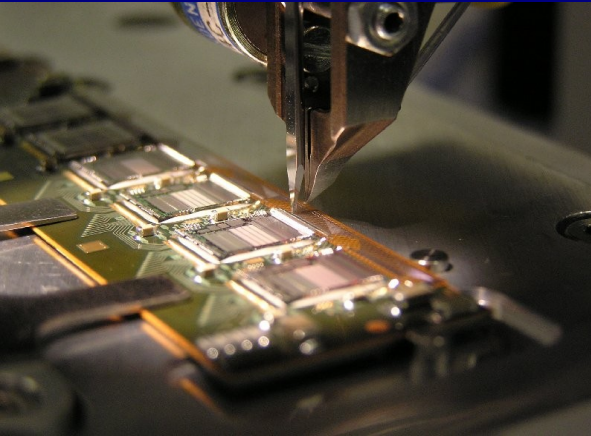
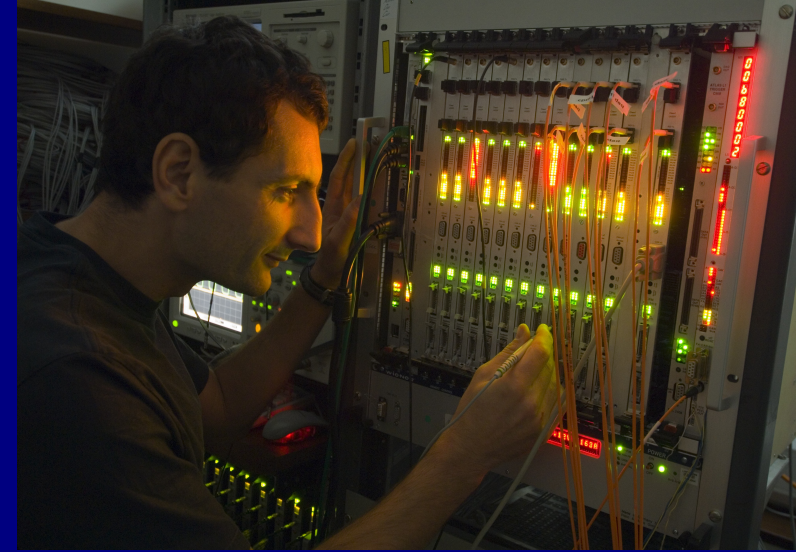
>600 readout hybrids assembled & tested in Birmingham

Birmingham in ATLAS

Online event selection (“trigger”)

Decides within 2 millionths of a second which
“one in a thousand” collision events to keep

Major design and testing in Birmingham



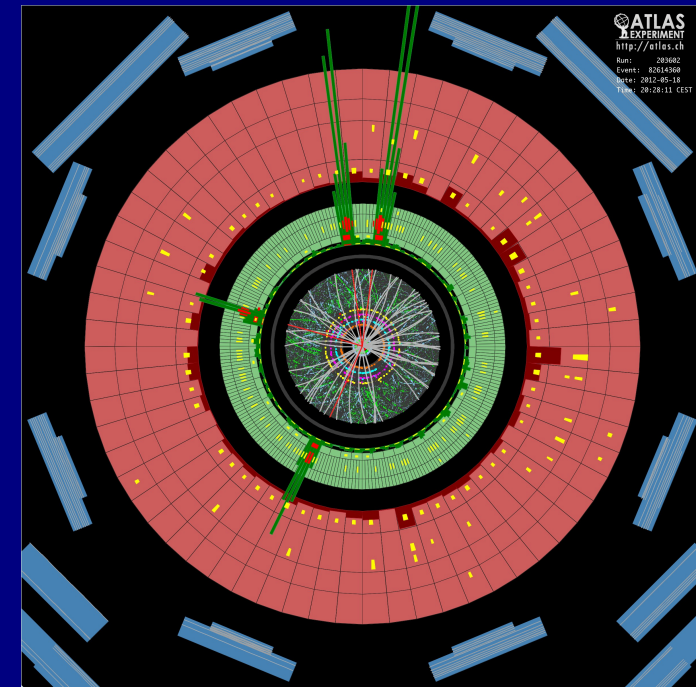
Particle tracker

Measures particle paths to within 20 μm

>600 readout hybrids assembled & tested in Birmingham

Physics analysis

*Leading role in data analysis leading to Higgs discovery
as well as several other physics topics*



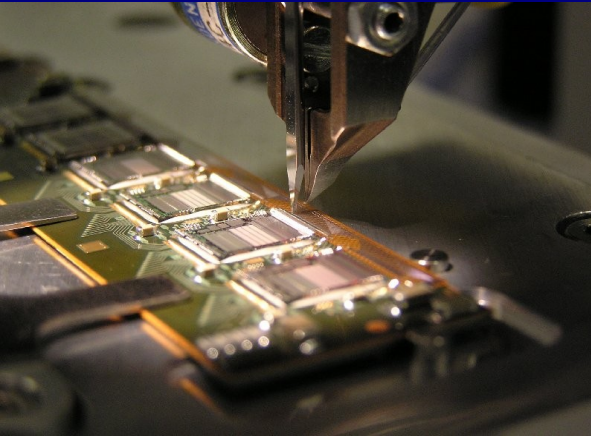
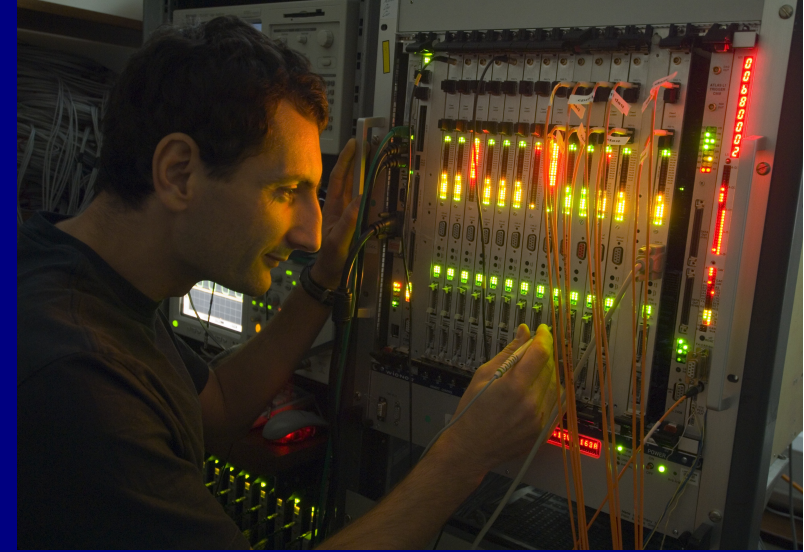
ATLAS
EXPERIMENT
http://atlas.ch
Run: 203602
Event: 8264568
Date: 2012-05-18
Time: 20:28:11 CEST

Birmingham in ATLAS

Online event selection (“trigger”)

Decides within 2 millionths of a second which
“one in a thousand” collision events to keep

Major design and testing in Birmingham



Particle tracker

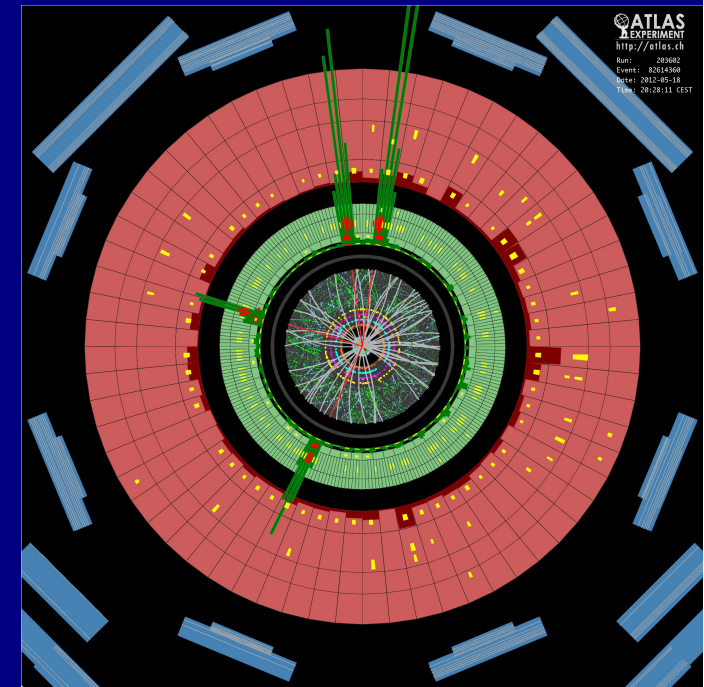
Measures particle paths to within 20 μm

>600 readout hybrids assembled & tested in Birmingham

Physics analysis

*Leading role in data analysis leading to Higgs discovery
as well as several other physics topics*

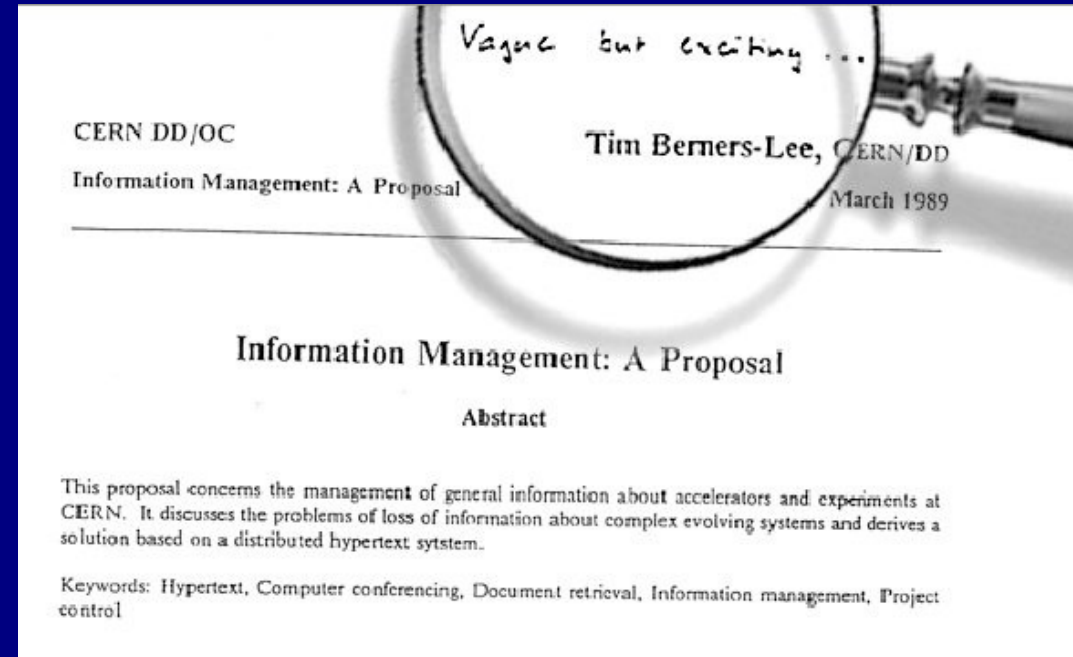
... and many more, including event visualisation ...



What has the Higgs ever Done for me?

Spin-offs

Medical applications, national security,
touch-screen technology, www ...



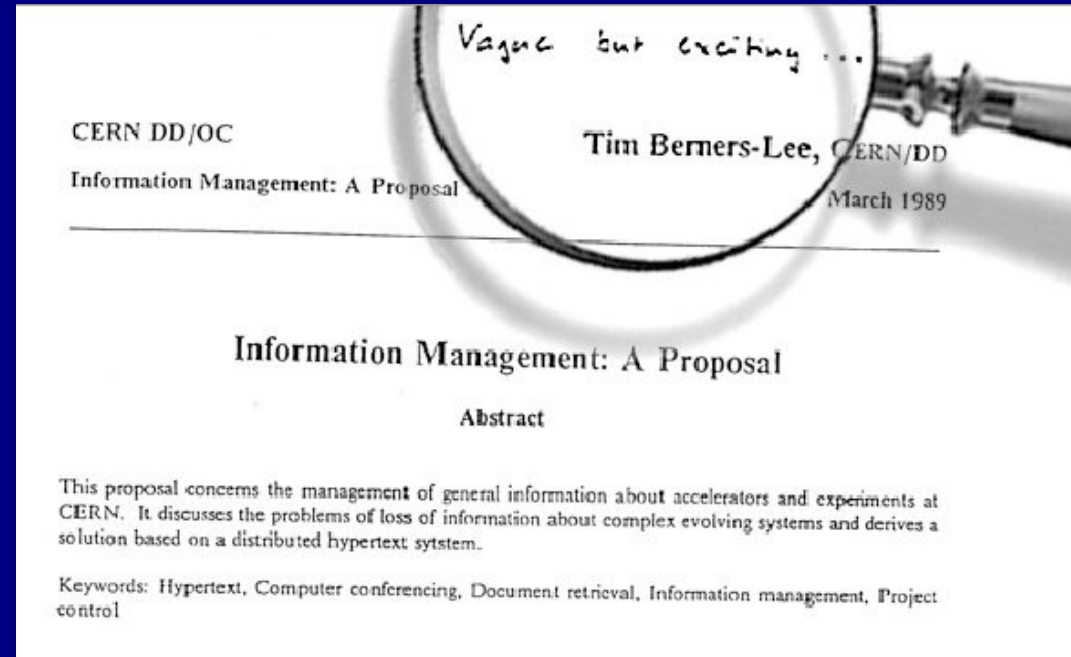
What has the Higgs ever Done for me?

Spin-offs

Medical applications, national security, touch-screen technology, www ...

Attracting Young Talent to STEM

- 8.3% increase in applications to physics degree courses
- 72% of 1st year students cite particle physics as a reason for degree choice



What has the Higgs ever Done for me?

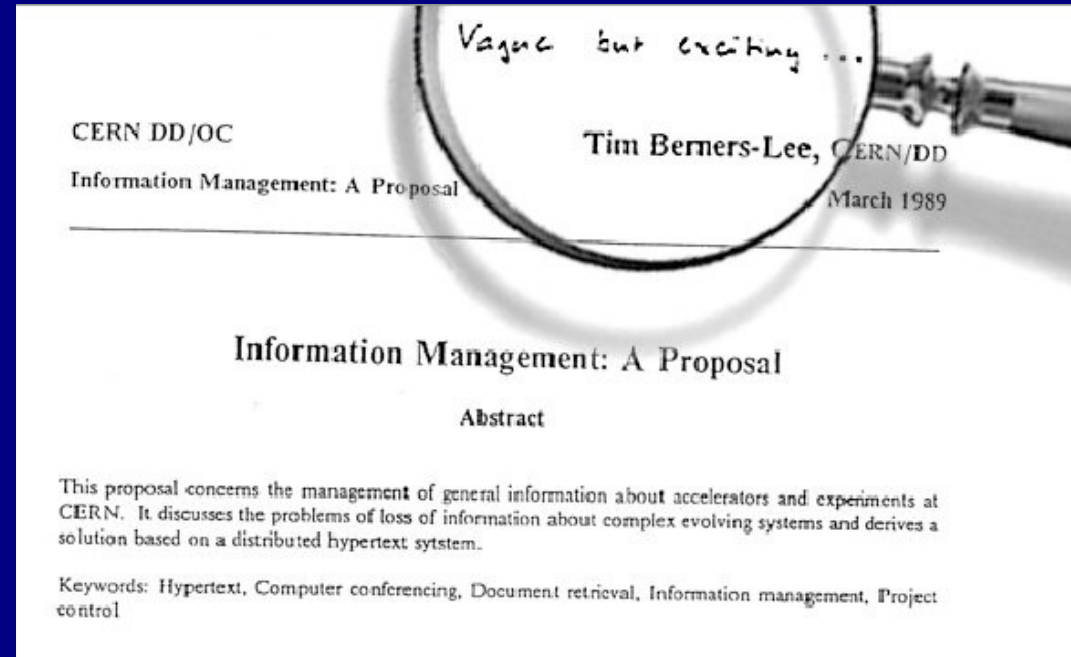
Spin-offs

Medical applications, national security, touch-screen technology, www ...

Attracting Young Talent to STEM

- 8.3% increase in applications to physics degree courses
- 72% of 1st year students cite particle physics as a reason for degree choice

Unknown Future Technologies?



What has the Higgs ever Done for me?

Spin-offs

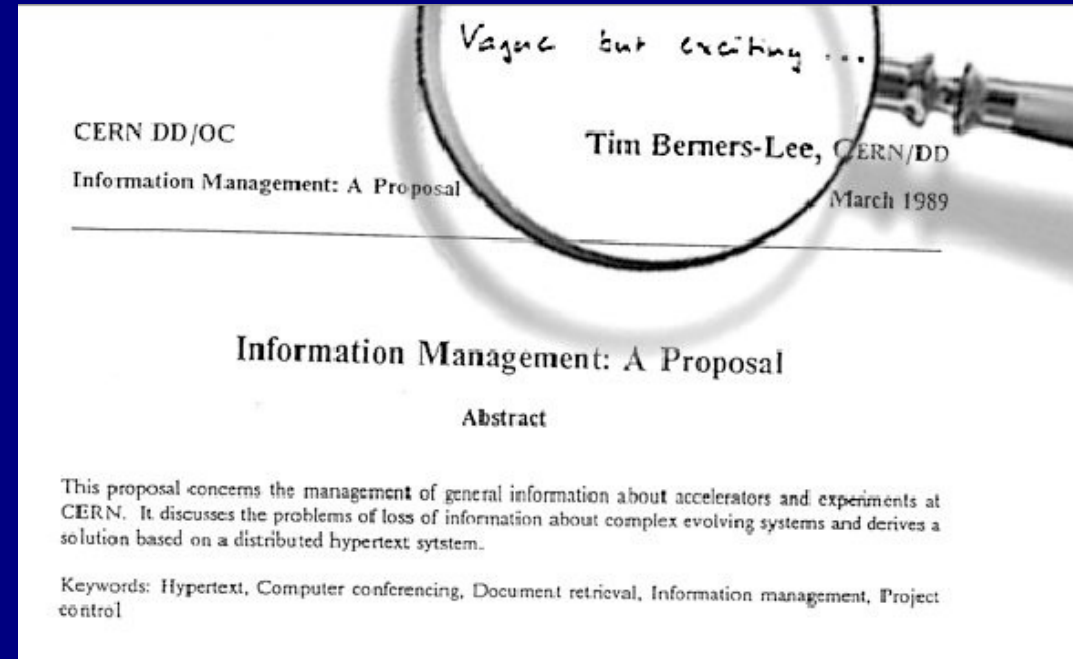
Medical applications, national security, touch-screen technology, www ...

Attracting Young Talent to STEM

- 8.3% increase in applications to physics degree courses
- 72% of 1st year students cite particle physics as a reason for degree choice

Unknown Future Technologies?

A collective deeper understanding of the mechanics of the Universe



TRY A TIMES DIGITAL SUBSCRIPTION: 4 WEEKS FOR 99¢.

Search

Discovery of New Particle Could Redefine Physical World

By DENNIS OVERBYE
21 minutes ago

The discovery by physicists at CERN's Large Hadron Collider, if confirmed to be the Higgs boson particle, could lead to a new understanding of how the universe began.

• The Lede Blog: What in the



Agence France-Presse — Getty Images

OPINION »

EDITORIAL Too Quiet, Again, on Health Care

The Obama campaign forcefully countered Republican misinformation about the reform law.

MARKETS »

Britain	Germany
FTSE 100	DAX
5,676.50	6,531.26
-11.23	-46.95
-0.20%	-0.71%

Data delayed at least 1

RESEARCH IS GREAT

BRITAIN

UK scientists built crucial parts of the Large Hadron Collider at CERN that re-creates the conditions one trillionth of a second after the Big Bang. For world-class research expertise, choose the UK.

ukti.gov.uk



The Economist

- In praise of charter schools
- Britain's banking scandal spreads
- Volkswagen overtakes the rest
- A power struggle at the Vatican
- When Lonesome George met Nora

JULY 7TH - 13TH 2012

Economist.com

A giant leap for science



Finding the Higgs boson

ENA TV Rad10 Hae ohjelmia

A-O Ohjeet ja palautte Vile Aron

Ohjelmat Sarjat ja elokuvat Viikote ja kulttuuri Dokumentit ja Fakta

HIGGIN HIUKKANEN

yle.fi/uutiset Suomalais tutkijat mukana hiukkasen etsinnässä

Tarvitset uudemman version mediasoitteesta. Aiempi ohjelmat toimivat Flashi playerin versiollla 10.1. tai uudemmalla.

AT 77 MILES LONG
THE DISTANCE AROUND THE WORLD'S LARGEST PARTICLE ACCELERATOR IS THE SAME AS THE DISTANCE AROUND THE CIRCLE LINE.

SCIENCE MUSEUM

COLLIDER

THE BRITISH MUSEUM

> 1 billion

people saw TV footage

1,034

TV stations

5,016

Broadcasts

17,000

news articles in

108

Countries

The discovery of the Higgs boson completes a half-century old story, and uncovers a new type of fundamental particle

So far only 1% of planned LHC data taken and ½ design energy.

→ Exciting future!

Thanks to the university and STFC for the long-term support, and to our colleagues worldwide